SENATE BILL No. 263

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 9-14-3-7; IC 9-21-11-12; IC 9-24; IC 9-26-1; IC 9-29; IC 9-30-3-12; IC 20-33; IC 31-37-19; IC 33-39-1-8; IC 34-28-5-1; IC 35-48-4-15.

Synopsis: Driving authority permits and learner's permits. Provides for the issuance of driving authority permits, probationary driving authority permits, and driving authority learner's permits to residents of Indiana who cannot provide proof of identity and lawful status in the United States. Provides that these permits may not be used for federal identification or for any federal purposes. Requires that an individual who holds a permit and operates a motor vehicle must ensure that required financial responsibility on any motor vehicle that the holder operates is continuously maintained in the amounts required by law. Makes conforming amendments. Deletes outdated language.

Effective: July 1, 2014.

Broden

January 13, 2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Homeland Security, Transportation, and Veterans Affairs.



Second Regular Session 118th General Assembly (2014)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2013 Regular Session and 2013 First Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 263

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 9-14-3-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012,

	,
2	SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7. (a) The bureau shall maintain a driving record
4	for each person licensed or issued a permit by the bureau to drive a
5	motor vehicle.
6	(b) A driving record must contain the following:
7	(1) A person's convictions for any of the following:
8	(A) A moving traffic violation.
9	(B) Operating a vehicle without financial responsibility in
10	violation of IC 9-25.
11	(2) Any administrative penalty imposed by the bureau.
12	(3) If the driving privileges of a person have been suspended or
13	revoked by the bureau, an entry in the record stating that a notice
14	of suspension or revocation was mailed by the bureau and the date
15	of the mailing of the notice.
16	(4) Any suspensions, revocations, or reinstatements of a person's



1	driving privileges, license, or permit.
2	(5) Any requirement that the person may operate only a motor
3	vehicle equipped with a certified ignition interlock device.
4	(c) An entry in the driving record of a defendant stating that notice
5	of suspension or revocation was mailed by the bureau to the defendant
6	constitutes prima facie evidence that the notice was mailed to the
7	defendant's address as shown in the records of the bureau.
8	(d) A driving record maintained under this section:
9	(1) is not admissible as evidence in any action for damages arising
10	out of a motor vehicle accident; and
11	(2) may not include voter registration information.
12	SECTION 2. IC 9-21-11-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 12. A motorized
14	bicycle may not be operated under any of the following conditions:
15	(1) By a person less than fifteen (15) years of age.
16	(2) By a person who has not obtained an identification card under
17	IC 9-24, a permit under IC 9-24, an operator's license under
18	IC 9-24, a chauffeur's license under IC 9-24, or a public passenger
19	chauffeur's license under IC 9-24, or a driving authority permit
20	or driving authority learner's permit under IC 9-24.
21	(3) On an interstate highway or a sidewalk.
22	(4) At a speed greater than twenty-five (25) miles per hour.
23	SECTION 3. IC 9-24-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012,
24	SECTION 159, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
25	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. Except as otherwise provided in
26	this chapter, an individual must have a valid Indiana:
27	(1) operator's license;
28	(2) chauffeur's license;
29	(3) public passenger chauffeur's license;
30	(4) commercial driver's license;
31	(5) driver's license listed in subdivision (1), (2), (3), or (4) with a
32	motorcycle endorsement;
33	(6) learner's permit; or
34	(7) motorcycle learner's permit;
35	(8) driving authority permit; or
36	(9) driving authority learner's permit;
37	issued to the individual by the bureau under this article to drive upon
38	an Indiana highway the type of motor vehicle for which the license or
39	permit was issued.
40	SECTION 4. IC 9-24-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012,
41	SECTION 166, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
42	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) The bureau shall suspend the



driving privileges or invalidate the learner's permit **or driving authority learner's permit** of an individual less than eighteen (18) years of age who meets any of the following conditions:

- (1) Is a habitual truant under IC 20-33-2-11.
- (2) Is under at least a second suspension from school for the school year under IC 20-33-8-14 or IC 20-33-8-15.
- (3) Is under an expulsion from school under IC 20-33-8-14, IC 20-33-8-15, or IC 20-33-8-16.
- (4) Is considered a dropout under IC 20-33-2-28.5.
- (b) At least five (5) days before holding an exit interview under IC 20-33-2-28.5, the school corporation shall give notice by certified mail or personal delivery to the student, the student's parent, or the student's guardian that the student's failure to attend an exit interview under IC 20-33-2-28.5 or return to school if the student does not meet the requirements to withdraw from school under IC 20-33-2-28.5 will result in the revocation or denial of the student's:
 - (1) driver's license, or learner's permit, driving authority permit, or driving authority learner's permit; and
 - (2) employment certificate.

SECTION 5. IC 9-24-2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012, SECTION 167, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. The bureau shall suspend the driving privileges or invalidate the learner's permit or a driving authority learner's permit of an individual less than eighteen (18) years of age who is under an order entered by a juvenile court under IC 31-37-19-13 through IC 31-37-19-17 (or IC 31-6-4-15.9(d), IC 31-6-4-15.9(e), or IC 31-6-4-15.9(f) before their repeal).

SECTION 6. IC 9-24-2-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012, SECTION 168, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2.5. (a) The bureau shall suspend the driving privileges or invalidate the learner's permit or a driving authority learner's permit of an individual who is under an order entered by a court under IC 35-43-1-2(c).

(b) The bureau shall suspend the driving privileges or invalidate the learner's permit or a driving authority learner's permit of a person who is the subject of an order issued under IC 31-37-19-17 (or IC 31-6-4-15.9(f) before its repeal) or IC 35-43-1-2(c).

SECTION 7. IC 9-24-2-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.207-2013, SECTION 7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.207-2013, SECTION 8, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013, SECTION 24, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 3. (a) The bureau may not issue a driver's license, or



l	learner's permit, driving authority permit, or driving authority
2	learner's permit or grant driving privileges to the following
3	individuals:
4	(1) An individual whose license issued under Indiana law to
5	operate a motor vehicle as an operator, a chauffeur, or a public
6	passenger chauffeur has driving privileges have been suspended,
7	during the period for which the license was driving privileges are
8	suspended, or to an individual whose driver's license has been
9	revoked, until the time the bureau is authorized under Indiana law
10	to issue the individual a new license.
11	(2) An individual whose learner's permit or driving authority
12	learner's permit has been suspended or revoked until the time
13	the bureau is authorized under Indiana law to issue the individual
14	a new permit.
15	(3) An individual who, in the opinion of the bureau, is afflicted
16	with or suffering from a physical or mental disability or disease
17	that prevents the individual from exercising reasonable and
18	ordinary control over a motor vehicle while operating the vehicle
19	upon the public highways.
20	(4) An individual who is unable to understand highway warnings
21	or direction signs written in the English language.
22	(5) An individual who is required under this article to take an
23	examination unless:
24	(A) the person successfully passes the examination; or
25	(B) the bureau waives the examination requirement.
26	(6) An individual who is required under IC 9-25 or any other
27	statute to deposit or provide proof of financial responsibility and
28	who has not deposited or provided that proof.
29	(7) An individual when the bureau has good cause to believe that
30	the operation of a motor vehicle on a public highway of Indiana
31	by the individual would be inimical to public safety or welfare.
32	(8) An individual who is the subject of an order issued by:
33	(A) a court under <i>IC</i> 31-14-12-4 or IC 31-16-12-7 (or
34	IC 31-1-11.5-13, <i>or</i> IC 31-6-6.1-16, <i>or IC 31-14-12-4</i> before
35	their repeal); or
36	(B) the Title IV-D agency;
37	ordering that a driver's license or permit not be issued to the
38	individual.
39	(9) This subdivision does not apply to an applicant for a
40	driving authority permit under IC 9-24-3.5 or a driving
41	authority learner's permit under IC 9-24-7. An individual who
42	has not presented valid documentary evidence to the bureau of the



1	person's legal status in the United States, as required by
2	IC 9-24-9-2.5. IC 9-24-9-2.5(a).
3	(10) An individual who does not otherwise satisfy the
4	requirements of this article.
5	(b) An individual subject to epileptic seizures may not be denied a
6	driver's license or permit under this section if the individual presents
7	a statement from a licensed physician, on a form prescribed by the
8	bureau, that the individual is under medication and is free from
9	seizures while under medication.
10	SECTION 8. IC 9-24-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
11	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2014]:
13	Chapter 3.5. Driving Authority Permit
14	Sec. 1. An individual who is unable to present the valid
15	documentary evidence required by IC 9-24-9-2.5(a) may apply to
16	the bureau for a driving authority permit.
17	Sec. 2. The bureau shall issue a driving authority permit to an
18	individual who meets the following conditions:
19	(1) Satisfies the age requirements set forth in section 3 of this
20	chapter.
21	(2) Makes proper application to the bureau under IC 9-24-9
22	upon a form prescribed by the bureau. The form must include
23	an attestation concerning the number of hours of supervised
24	driving practice that the individual has completed if the
25	individual is required under section 3 of this chapter to
26	complete a certain number of hours of supervised driving
27	practice in order to receive a driving authority permit. The:
28	(A) parent or guardian of an applicant less than eighteen
29	(18) years of age; or
30	(B) applicant, if the applicant is at least eighteen (18) years
31	of age;
32	shall attest in writing under penalty of perjury to the time
33	logged in practice driving.
34	(3) Satisfactorily passes the examination and tests required
35	for issuance of a driving authority permit.
36	(4) Pays the fee prescribed by IC 9-29-9-2.3.
37	Sec. 3. (a) An individual must satisfy the requirements set forth
38	in one (1) of the following subdivisions to receive a driving
39	authority permit:
40	(1) The individual meets the following conditions:
41	(A) Is at least sixteen (16) years and one hundred eighty
42	(180) days of age.



1	(B) Has held a valid driving authority learner's permit for
2	at least one hundred eighty (180) days.
3	(C) Obtains an instructor's certification that the individual
4	has satisfactorily completed an approved driver education
5	course.
6	(D) Passes the required examination.
7	(E) Completes at least fifty (50) hours of supervised driving
8	practice, of which at least ten (10) hours are nighttime
9	driving, with:
10	(i) a licensed instructor or a licensed driver, with valid
11	driving privileges, who is at least twenty-five (25) years
12	of age; or
13	(ii) the spouse of the individual who is a licensed driver
14	with valid driving privileges and is at least twenty-one
15	(21) years of age.
16	(2) The individual meets the following conditions:
17	(A) Is at least sixteen (16) years and two hundred seventy
18	(270) days of age.
19	(B) Has held a valid driving authority learner's permit for
20	at least one hundred eighty (180) days.
21	(C) Passes the required examination.
22	(D) Completes at least fifty (50) hours of supervised
23	driving practice, of which at least ten (10) hours are
24	nighttime driving, with:
25	(i) a licensed instructor or a licensed driver, with valid
26	driving privileges, who is at least twenty-five (25) years
27	of age; or
28	(ii) the spouse of the individual who is a licensed driver
29	with valid driving privileges and is at least twenty-one
30	(21) years of age.
31	(3) The individual meets the following conditions:
32	(A) Is at least eighteen (18) years of age.
33	(B) Has previously been a nonresident of Indiana but, at
34	the time of application, qualifies as an Indiana resident.
35	(C) Held a valid driver's license, excluding a learner's
36	permit or the equivalent, from the state of prior residence.
37	(D) Passes the required examinations.
38	(b) An applicant who is required to complete at least fifty (50)
39	hours of supervised practice driving under subsection (a)(1)(E) or
10	(a)(2)(D) must submit to the commission under IC 9-24-9-2(c)
1 1	evidence of the time logged in practice driving.
12	Sec. 4. A driving authority permit or driving authority learner's
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1	permit must include a statement on the face of the permit that
2	indicates that the permit may not be accepted by any federal
3	agency for federal identification or any other federal purpose.
4	Sec. 5. A driving authority permit or driving authority learner's
5	permit allows the holder to operate a passenger motor vehicle, a
6	truck with a declared gross weight equal to or less than eleven
7	thousand (11,000) pounds, or a motorized bicycle.
8	Sec. 6. A person who holds a driving authority permit or driving
9	authority learner's permit and operates a motor vehicle shall
10	ensure that required financial responsibility on a motor vehicle
11	that the holder operates is continuously maintained in the amounts
12	set forth in IC 9-25-4.
13	Sec. 7. The bureau shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to carry
14	out this chapter.
15	SECTION 9. IC 9-24-7-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012,
16	SECTION 196, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) The bureau shall issue a
18	learner's permit for an operator's license to an individual who:
19	(1) is at least fifteen (15) years of age;
20	(2) if less than eighteen (18) years of age, is not ineligible under
21	IC 9-24-2-1;
22	(3) is enrolled in an approved driver education course; and
23	(4) has passed a written examination as required under
24	IC 9-24-10.
25	(b) The bureau shall issue a learner's permit for an operator's
26	license to an individual who:
27	(1) is at least sixteen (16) years of age;
28	(2) if less than eighteen (18) years of age, is not ineligible under
29	IC 9-24-2; and
30	(3) has passed a written examination as required under
31	IC 9-24-10.
32	(c) An individual who is unable to present the valid
33	documentary evidence required by IC 9-24-9-2.5(a) may apply for
34	a driving authority learner's permit, which may be used as the
35	basis to be issued a driving authority permit under IC 9-24-3.5.
36	The bureau shall issue a driving authority learner's permit to an
37	individual who:
38	(1) is at least fifteen (15) years of age;
39	(2) if less than eighteen (18) years of age, is not ineligible
40	under IC 9-24-2-1:

(3) is enrolled in an approved driver education course; and

(4) has passed a written examination as required under



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1 2	IC 9-24-10; or
3	(5) is at least sixteen (16) years of age, or if less than eighteen (18) years of age, is not ineligible under IC 9-24-2, and has
	, , ,
4 5	passed a written examination as required under IC 9-24-10.
6	SECTION 10. IC 9-24-7-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012,
7	SECTION 197, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. The instructor of an approved
8	driver education course shall validate or certify a learner's permit or a
9	driving authority learner's permit when the holder has satisfactorily
10	completed the course. If the instructor is unable to certify the actual
11	learner's permit or driving authority learner's permit, the instructor
12	may certify that the holder has satisfactorily completed the course in a
13	manner the bureau prescribes.
14	SECTION 11. IC 9-24-7-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013,
15	SECTION 32, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 4. A learner's permit for an operator's license or
17	a driving authority learner's permit authorizes the permit holder to
18	operate a motor vehicle, except a motorcycle or commercial motor
19	vehicle, upon a public highway under the following conditions:
20	(1) While the holder is participating in practice driving in an
21	approved driver education course and is accompanied by a
22	certified driver education instructor or student teacher in the front
23	seat of a motor vehicle equipped with dual controls.
24	(2) While the holder is participating in practice driving after
25	having commenced an approved driver education course and the
26	seat beside the holder is occupied by a licensed driver with valid
27	driving privileges who is at least:
28	(A) twenty-five (25) years of age; or
29	(B) if the licensed driver is the holder's spouse, twenty-one
30	(21) years of age.
31	(3) If the holder is not participating in an approved driver
32	education course, and is less than eighteen (18) years of age, the
33	holder may participate in practice driving if the seat beside the
34	holder is occupied by a licensed driver with valid driving
35	privileges who is at least:
36	(A) twenty-five (25) years of age; or
37	(B) if the licensed driver is the holder's spouse, twenty-one
38	(21) years of age.
39	(4) If the holder is not participating in an approved driver
40	education course, and is at least eighteen (18) years of age, the
41	holder may participate in practice driving if accompanied in the
42	vehicle by a licensed driver with valid driving privileges who is



1	at least twenty-one (21) years of age.
2	SECTION 12. IC 9-24-7-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012,
3	SECTION 200, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
4	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5. (a) A holder of a learner's permit
5	may take the skills examination for an operator's license not later than
6	the expiration date of the learner's permit. A holder who does not pass
7	the skills examination after a third attempt is not eligible to take the
8	examination until two (2) months after the date of the last failed
9	examination.
10	(b) A holder of a driving authority learner's permit may take
11	the skills examination for a driving authority permit not later than
12	the expiration date of the driving authority learner's permit. A
13	holder who does not pass the skills examination after a third
14	attempt is not eligible to take the examination until two (2) months
15	after the date of the last failed examination.
16	SECTION 13. IC 9-24-7-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013,
17	SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7. The bureau shall publish the following:
19	(1) An online driving guide that may be used by the holder of a
20	learner's permit or a driving authority learner's permit and the
21	parent of the holder of a learner's permit or a driving authority
22	learner's permit, if applicable.
23	(2) An online log that must be completed to show evidence of the
24	completion of the hours of supervised practice driving required
25	under IC 9-24-3-2.5(a)(1)(E), or IC 9-24-3-2.5(a)(2)(D)
26	IC 9-24-3.5-3(a)(1)(E), or IC 9-24-3.5-3(a)(2)(D).
27	SECTION 14. IC 9-24-9-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013
28	SECTION 37, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), each
30	application for a license or permit under this chapter must require the
31	following information:
32	(1) The full legal name of the applicant.
33	(2) The applicant's date of birth.
34	(3) The gender of the applicant.
35	(4) The applicant's height, weight, hair color, and eye color.
36	(5) The principal address and mailing address of the applicant.
37	(6) Unless the applicant is applying for a driving authority
38	permit under IC 9-24-3.5 or a learner's permit leading only to
39	a driving authority permit under IC 9-24-7-1(c), a:
40	(A) valid Social Security number; or
41	(B) verification of an applicant's:
42	(i) ineligibility to be issued a Social Security number; and



An applicant for a driving authority permit or driving authority learner's permit must submit a valid individual taxpayer identification number for the applicant and verification of the applicant's identity. (7) Whether the applicant has been subject to fainting spells or seizures. (8) Whether the applicant has been licensed as an operator, a chauffeur, or a public passenger chauffeur or has been the holder of a learner's permit, and if so, when and by what state. (9) Whether the applicant's license or permit has ever been suspended or revoked, and if so, the date of and the reason for the suspension or revocation. (10) Whether the applicant has been convicted of a crime punishable as a felony under Indiana motor vehicle law or any other felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used. (11) Whether the applicant has a physical or mental disability, and if so, the nature of the disability and other information the bureau directs. (12) The signature of the applicant showing the applicant's legal name as it appears or will appear on the license or permit. (13) A digital photograph of the applicant. The bureau shall maintain records of the information provided under subdivisions (1) through (13). (b) For purposes of subsection (a), an individual certified as a program participant in the address confidentiality program under IC 5-26.5 is not required to provide the individual's principal address and mailing address, but may provide an address designated by the office of the attorney general under IC 5-26.5 as the individual's
authority learner's permit must submit a valid individual taxpayer identification number for the applicant and verification of the applicant's identity. (7) Whether the applicant has been subject to fainting spells or seizures. (8) Whether the applicant has been licensed as an operator, a chauffeur, or a public passenger chauffeur or has been the holder of a learner's permit, and if so, when and by what state. (9) Whether the applicant's license or permit has ever been suspended or revoked, and if so, the date of and the reason for the suspension or revocation. (10) Whether the applicant has been convicted of a crime punishable as a felony under Indiana motor vehicle law or any other felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used. (11) Whether the applicant has a physical or mental disability, and if so, the nature of the disability and other information the bureau directs. (12) The signature of the applicant showing the applicant's legal name as it appears or will appear on the license or permit. (13) A digital photograph of the applicant. The bureau shall maintain records of the information provided under subdivisions (1) through (13). (b) For purposes of subsection (a), an individual certified as a program participant in the address confidentiality program under IC 5-26.5 is not required to provide the individual's principal address and mailing address, but may provide an address designated by the office of the attorney general under IC 5-26.5 as the individual's
taxpayer identification number for the applicant and verification of the applicant's identity. (7) Whether the applicant has been subject to fainting spells or seizures. (8) Whether the applicant has been licensed as an operator, a chauffeur, or a public passenger chauffeur or has been the holder of a learner's permit, and if so, when and by what state. (9) Whether the applicant's license or permit has ever been suspended or revoked, and if so, the date of and the reason for the suspension or revocation. (10) Whether the applicant has been convicted of a crime punishable as a felony under Indiana motor vehicle law or any other felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used. (11) Whether the applicant has a physical or mental disability, and if so, the nature of the disability and other information the bureau directs. (12) The signature of the applicant showing the applicant's legal name as it appears or will appear on the license or permit. (13) A digital photograph of the applicant. The bureau shall maintain records of the information provided under subdivisions (1) through (13). (b) For purposes of subsection (a), an individual certified as a program participant in the address confidentiality program under IC 5-26.5 is not required to provide the individual's principal address and mailing address, but may provide an address designated by the office of the attorney general under IC 5-26.5 as the individual's
verification of the applicant's identity. (7) Whether the applicant has been subject to fainting spells or seizures. (8) Whether the applicant has been licensed as an operator, a chauffeur, or a public passenger chauffeur or has been the holder of a learner's permit, and if so, when and by what state. (9) Whether the applicant's license or permit has ever been suspended or revoked, and if so, the date of and the reason for the suspension or revocation. (10) Whether the applicant has been convicted of a crime punishable as a felony under Indiana motor vehicle law or any other felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used. (11) Whether the applicant has a physical or mental disability, and if so, the nature of the disability and other information the bureau directs. (12) The signature of the applicant showing the applicant's legal name as it appears or will appear on the license or permit. (13) A digital photograph of the applicant. The bureau shall maintain records of the information provided under subdivisions (1) through (13). (b) For purposes of subsection (a), an individual certified as a program participant in the address confidentiality program under IC 5-26.5 is not required to provide the individual's principal address and mailing address, but may provide an address designated by the office of the attorney general under IC 5-26.5 as the individual's
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31 principal address and mailing address.
32 (c) In addition to the information required by subsection (a), an
33 applicant who is required to complete at least fifty (50) hours of
supervised practice driving under IC 9-24-3-2.5(a)(1)(E), or
35 IC 9-24-3-2.5(a)(2)(D), IC 9-24-3.5-3(a)(1)(E), or
36 IC 9-24-3.5-3(a)(2)(D) must submit to the bureau evidence of the time
logged in practice driving. The bureau shall maintain a record of the
time log provided.
39 (d) In addition to the information required under subsection (a), an
40 application for a license or permit to be issued under this chapter must
enable the applicant to indicate that the applicant is a veteran of the

armed forces of the United States and wishes to have an indication of



42

1	the applicant's veteran status appear on the license or permit. An
2	applicant who wishes to have an indication of the applicant's veteran
3	status appear on a license or permit must:
4	(1) indicate on the application that the applicant:
5	(A) is a veteran of the armed forces of the United States; and
6	(B) wishes to have an indication of the applicant's veteran
7	status appear on the license or permit; and
8	(2) verify the applicant's veteran status by providing proof of
9	discharge or separation, other than a dishonorable discharge, from
10	the armed forces of the United States.
11	The bureau shall maintain records of the information provided under
12	this subsection.
13	SECTION 15. IC 9-24-9-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.162-2009,
14	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2.5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), in
16	addition to the information required from the applicant for a license or
17	permit under sections 1 and 2 of this chapter, the bureau shall require
18	an applicant to present to the bureau valid documentary evidence that
19	the applicant:
20	(1) is a citizen or national of the United States;
21	(2) is an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the
22	United States;
23	(3) has conditional permanent resident status in the United States;
24	(4) has an approved application for asylum in the United States or
25	has entered into the United States in refugee status;
26	(5) is an alien lawfully admitted for temporary residence in the
27	United States;
28	(6) has a valid unexpired nonimmigrant visa or nonimmigrant visa
29	status for entry into the United States;
30	(7) has a pending application for asylum in the United States;
31	(8) has a pending or approved application for temporary protected
32	status in the United States;
33	(9) has approved deferred action status; or
34	(10) has a pending application for adjustment of status to that of
35	an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United
36	States or conditional permanent resident status in the United
37	States.
38	(b) An applicant for a driving authority permit under
39	IC 9-24-3.5 or a driving authority learner's permit under
40	IC 9-24-7-1(c) who is unable to provide the documentation
41	required under subsection (a) must provide the bureau with
42	documentation of residence in Indiana as required by rules



adopted by the bureau under IC 4-22-2. The rules must provide that the supporting documentation may be shown by official documentation from a foreign consulate.

SECTION 16. IC 9-24-10-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. The bureau may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 necessary for the conduct of examinations for a learner's permit, a driving authority learner's permit, an operator's license, a driving authority permit, a chauffeur's license, and a public passenger chauffeur's license in accordance with this chapter concerning the qualifications and ability of applicants to operate motor vehicles in accordance with the rights and privileges of those permits and licenses.

SECTION 17. IC 9-24-10-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013, SECTION 39, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), an examination for a learner's permit, driving authority learner's permit, or driver's license, or driving authority permit must include the following:

- (1) A test of the following of the applicant:
 - (A) Eyesight.

- (B) Ability to read and understand highway signs regulating, warning, and directing traffic.
- (C) Knowledge of Indiana traffic laws, including IC 9-26-1-1.5.
- (2) An actual demonstration of the applicant's skill in exercising ordinary and reasonable control in the operation of a motor vehicle under the type of permit or license applied for.
- (b) The examination may include further physical and mental examination that the bureau finds necessary to determine the applicant's fitness to operate a motor vehicle safely upon Indiana highways. The applicant must provide the motor vehicle used in the examination.
 - (c) The bureau:
 - (1) may waive the actual demonstration required under subsection (a)(2) for a person who has passed a driver's education class and a skills test given by a driver training school or driver education program given by an entity licensed under IC 9-27; and
 - (2) may waive the testing, other than testing under subsection (a)(1)(A), of an applicant who has passed:
 - (A) an examination concerning:
 - (i) subsection (a)(1)(B); and
 - (ii) subsection (a)(1)(C); and



1	(B) a skills test;
2	given by a driver training school or an entity licensed under
3	IC 9-27.
4	(d) The bureau shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 specifying
5	requirements for a skills test given under subsection (c) and the testing
6	required under subsection (a)(1)(B) and (a)(1)(C).
7	(e) An instructor having a license under IC 9-27-6-8 who did not
8	instruct the applicant for the license or permit in driver education is not
9	civilly or criminally liable for a report made in good faith to the:
10	(1) bureau;
11	(2) commission; or
12	(3) driver licensing medical advisory board;
13	concerning the fitness of the applicant to operate a motor vehicle in a
14	manner that does not jeopardize the safety of individuals or property.
15	SECTION 18. IC 9-24-11-3.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013,
16	SECTION 42, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 3.3. (a) This section applies to a probationary
18	operator's license or a probationary driving authority permit issued
19	after June 30, 2009.
20	(b) A license issued to or held by an individual less than eighteen
21	(18) years of age is a probationary license. A driving authority permit
22	issued to or held by an individual less than eighteen (18) years of
23	age is a probationary driving authority permit. An individual holds
24	a probationary license or a probationary driving authority permit
25	subject to the following conditions:
26	(1) Except as provided in subdivision (3), the individual may not
27	operate a motor vehicle from 10 p.m. until 5 a.m. of the following
28	morning during the first one hundred eighty (180) days after
29	issuance of the probationary license or the probationary driving
30	authority permit.
31	(2) Except as provided in subdivision (3), after one hundred
32	eighty (180) days after issuance of the probationary license or the
33	probationary driving authority permit, and until the individual
34	becomes eighteen (18) years of age, an individual may not operate
35	a motor vehicle:
36	(A) between 1 a.m. and 5 a.m. on a Saturday or Sunday;
37	(B) after 11 p.m. on Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday,
38	or Thursday; or
39	(C) before 5 a.m. on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday,
40	or Friday.
41	(3) The individual may operate a motor vehicle during the periods
42	described in subdivisions (1) and (2) if the individual operates the



1	motor vehicle while:
2	(A) participating in, going to, or returning from:
3	(i) lawful employment;
4	(ii) a school sanctioned activity; or
5	(iii) a religious event; or
6	(B) accompanied by a licensed driver with valid driving
7	privileges who is:
8	(i) at least twenty-five (25) years of age; or
9	(ii) if the licensed driver is the individual's spouse, at leas
10	twenty-one (21) years of age.
11	(4) The individual may not operate a motor vehicle while using a
12	telecommunications device until the individual becomes eighteer
13	(18) years of age unless the telecommunications device is being
14	used to make a 911 emergency call.
15	(5) Except as provided in subdivision (6), during the one hundred
16	eighty (180) days after the issuance of the probationary license or
17	the probationary driving authority permit, the individual may
18	not operate a motor vehicle in which there are passengers until the
19	individual becomes eighteen (18) years of age unless
20	accompanied in the front seat of the motor vehicle by:
21	(A) a certified driver education instructor; or
22 23 24	(B) a licensed driver with valid driving privileges who is:
23	(i) at least twenty-five (25) years of age; or
24	(ii) if the licensed driver is the individual's spouse, at leas
25	twenty-one (21) years of age.
25 26	(6) The individual may operate a motor vehicle and transport:
27	(A) a child or stepchild of the individual;
28	(B) a sibling of the individual, including step or half siblings
29	(C) the spouse of the individual; or
30	(D) any combination of individuals described in clauses (A)
31	through (C);
32	without another accompanying individual present in the motor
33	vehicle.
34	(7) The individual may operate a motor vehicle only if the
35	individual and each occupant of the motor vehicle are:
36	(A) properly restrained by a properly fastened safety belt; or
37	(B) if the occupant is a child, restrained in a properly fastened
38	child restraint system according to the manufacturer's
39	instructions under IC 9-19-11;
10	properly fastened about the occupant's body at all times when the
1 1	motor vehicle is in motion.
12	(c) An individual who holds a probationary license issued under this



1	section may be eligible to receive an operator's license, a chauffeur's
2	license, a public passenger chauffeur's license, or a commercial driver's
3 4	license when the individual is at least eighteen (18) years of age. An
5	individual who holds a probationary driving authority permit: (1) may not receive an operator's license, a chauffeur's
6	license, a public passenger chauffeur's license, or a
7	commercial driver's license; but
8	(2) may receive a driving authority permit when the
9	individual becomes eighteen (18) years of age.
10	(d) Except as provided in IC 9-24-12-1(e), a probationary license or
11	probationary driving authority permit issued under this section:
12	(1) expires at midnight of the date thirty (30) days after the
13	twenty-first birthday of the holder; and
14	(2) may not be renewed.
15	SECTION 19. IC 9-24-12-0.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.101-2009,
16	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 0.5. This section applies beginning January 1,
18	2010. A learner's permit or driving authority learner's permit issued
19	under this article expires two (2) years after the date of issuance.
20	SECTION 20. IC 9-24-12-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.103-2012,
21	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) Notwithstanding subsection (c) and except
23	as provided in subsection (b) and sections 10, 11, and 12 of this
24	chapter, the expiration date of an operator's license that is the renewal
25	license for a license that contains a 2012 expiration date is as follows:
26	(1) If the license was previously issued or renewed after May 14,
27	2007, and before January 1, 2008, the renewal license expires at
28	midnight on the birthday of the holder that occurs in 2017.
29	(2) If the license was previously issued or renewed after
30	December 31, 2007, and before January 1, 2009, the renewal
31	license expires at midnight on the birthday of the holder that
32	occurs in 2018.
33	(3) If the license was previously issued or renewed after
34	December 31, 2005, and before January 1, 2007, the renewal
35	license expires at midnight on the birthday of the holder that
36	occurs in 2016.
37	(b) Except as provided in sections 10, 11, and 12 of this chapter, an
38	operator's license issued to an applicant who is at least seventy-five
39	(75) years of age expires at midnight of the birthday of the holder that
40	occurs three (3) years following the date of issuance.
41	(c) Except as provided in subsections (a), (b), (d), and (f) and
42	sections 10, 11, and 12 of this chapter, an operator's license issued



1	under this article expires at midnight of the birthday of the holder that
2	occurs six (6) years following the date of issuance.
3	(d) A probationary operator's license issued under IC 9-24-11-3
4	expires in accordance with IC 9-24-11-3(e).
5	(e) A probationary operator's license issued under IC 9-24-11-3.3 to
6	an individual who complies with IC 9-24-9-2.5(5) IC 9-24-9-2.5(a)(5)
7	through IC 9-24-9-2.5(9) IC 9-24-9-2.5(a)(9) expires:
8 9	(1) at midnight one (1) year after issuance if there is no expiration
	date on the authorization granted to the individual to remain in the
10	United States; or
11	(2) if there is an expiration date on the authorization granted to
12	the individual to remain in the United States, the earlier of the
13	following:
14	(A) At midnight of the date the authorization to remain in the
15	United States expires. (B) At midwight of the data thinty (20) days after the
16 17	(B) At midnight of the date thirty (30) days after the
	twenty-first birthday of the holder.
18	(f) Except as provided in subsection (e), a probationary operator's
19	license issued under IC 9-24-11-3.3 expires at midnight of the date
20	thirty (30) days after the twenty-first birthday of the holder.
21	(g) Except as provided in sections 10 and 11 of this chapter, a
22 23	driving authority permit issued under this article expires at midnight of the birthday of the holder that occurs six (6) years
23 24	after the date of issuance.
25	SECTION 21. IC 9-24-12-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2011,
26	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and
28	(c), the application for renewal of:
29	(1) an operator's license;
30	(2) a chauffeur's license;
31	(3) a public passenger chauffeur's license; or
32	(4) an identification card; or
33	(5) a driving authority permit;
34	under this article may be filed not more than twelve (12) months before
35	the expiration date of the license or identification card held by the
36	applicant.
37	(b) When the applicant complies with $\frac{1C}{9-24-9-2.5(5)}$
38	IC 9-24-9-2.5(a)(5) through IC 9-24-9-2.5(10), IC 9-24-9-2.5(a)(10),
39	an application for renewal of a driver's license in subsection (a)(1),
10	(a)(2), or (a)(3) may be filed not more than one (1) month before the
1 1	expiration date of the license held by the applicant.
12	(c) When the applicant complies with IC 9-24-16-3.5(1)(E) through



IC 9-24-16-3.5(1)(J), an application for renewal of an identification

2	card in under subsection (a)(5) (a)(4) may be filed not more than one
3	(1) month before the expiration date of the identification card held by
4	the applicant.
5	(d) When the applicant complies with IC 9-24-9-2.5(b), an
6	application for renewal of a driving authority permit under
7	subsection (a)(5) may be filed not more than one (1) month before
8	the expiration date of the permit held by the applicant.
9	SECTION 22. IC 9-24-12-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013,
10	SECTION 50, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), an
12	individual applying for renewal of an operator's, a chauffeur's, or a
13	public passenger chauffeur's license, or a driving authority permit
14	must apply in person at a license branch and do the following:
15	(1) Pass an eyesight examination.
16	(2) Pass a written examination if:
17	(A) the applicant has at least six (6) active points on the
18	applicant's driving record maintained by the bureau;
19	(B) the applicant holds a valid operator's license, has not
20	reached the applicant's twenty-first birthday, and has active
21	points on the applicant's driving record maintained by the
22	bureau; or
23	(C) the applicant is in possession of a driver's license that is
24	expired beyond one hundred eighty (180) days.
25	(b) The bureau may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the
26	ability of a holder of an operator's, a chauffeur's, or a public passenger
27	chauffeur's license to renew the license by mail or by electronic service.
28	If rules are adopted under this subsection, the rules must provide that
29	an individual's renewal of a license by mail or by electronic service is
30	subject to the following conditions:
31	(1) A valid computerized image of the individual must exist
32	within the records of the bureau.
33	(2) The previous renewal of the individual's operator's,
34	chauffeur's, or public passenger chauffeur's license must not have
35	been by mail or by electronic service.
36	(3) The application for or previous renewal of the individual's
37	license must have included a test of the individual's eyesight
38	approved by the bureau.
39	(4) If the individual were applying for the license renewal in
40	person at a license branch, the individual would not be required
41	under subsection (a)(2) to submit to a written examination.

(5) The individual must be a citizen of the United States, as



2014

1	shown in the records of the bureau.
2	(6) There must not have been any change in the:
3	(A) address; or
4	(B) name;
5	of the individual since the issuance or previous renewal of the
6	individual's operator's, chauffeur's, or public passenger chauffeur's
7	license.
8	(7) The operator's, chauffeur's, or public passenger chauffeur's
9	license of the individual must not be:
10	(A) suspended; or
11	(B) expired more than one hundred eighty (180) days;
12	at the time of the application for renewal.
13	(8) The individual must be less than seventy-five (75) years of age
14	at the time of the application for renewal.
15	(c) An individual applying for the renewal of an operator's, a
16	chauffeur's, or a public passenger chauffeur's license must apply in
17	person at a license branch under subsection (a) if the individual is not
18	entitled to apply by mail or by electronic service under rules adopted
19	under subsection (b).
20	SECTION 23. IC 9-24-12-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013,
21	SECTION 52, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 10. (a) Except as provided in section 11 of this
23	chapter: after June 30, 2005:
24	(1) an operator's;
25	(2) a chauffeur's; or
26	(3) a public passenger chauffeur's;
27	license or a driving authority permit issued to or renewed by a driver
28	who is at least eighty-five (85) years of age expires at midnight of the
29	birthday of the holder that occurs two (2) years following the date of
30	issuance.
31	(b) Except as provided in section 11 of this chapter, a driving
32	authority permit issued under this article to an applicant who is at
33	least seventy-five (75) years of age but less than eighty-five (85)
34	years of age expires at midnight of the birthday of the holder that
35	occurs three (3) years following the date of issuance.
36	SECTION 24. IC 9-24-12-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2011,
37	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 11. (a) This section applies to a driver's license
39	issued under:
40	(1) IC 9-24-3;
41	(2) IC 9-24-4; or
42	(3) IC 9-24-5;



1	or a driving authority permit issued under IC 9-24-3.5.
2	(b) If the birthday of a holder on which the holder's driver's license
3	or driving authority permit issued under a chapter referred to in
4	subsection (a) would otherwise expire falls on:
5	(1) Sunday;
6	(2) a legal holiday (as set forth in IC 1-1-9-1); or
7	(3) a weekday when all license branches, full service providers,
8	and partial services providers in the county of residence of the
9	holder are closed;
10	the driver's license or driving authority permit of the holder does not
11	expire until midnight of the first day after the birthday on which a
12	license branch, full service provider, or partial services provider is
13	open for business in the county of residence of the holder.
14	SECTION 25. IC 9-24-12-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2011,
15	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 12. (a) This section applies to a driver's license
17	issued under:
18	(1) IC 9-24-3;
19	(2) IC 9-24-4; and
20	(3) IC 9-24-5.
21	(b) A driver's license listed in subsection (a) that is issued after
22	December 31, 2007, to an applicant who complies with
23	IC 9-24-9-2.5(5) IC 9-24-9-2.5(a)(5) through IC 9-24-9-2.5(10)
24	IC 9-24-9-2.5(a)(10) expires:
25	(1) at midnight one (1) year after issuance if there is no expiration
26	date on the authorization granted to the individual to remain in the
27	United States; or
28	(2) if there is an expiration date on the authorization granted to
29	the individual to remain in the United States, the earlier of the
30	following:
31	(A) At midnight of the date the authorization of the holder to
32	be a legal permanent resident or conditional resident alien of
33	the United States expires.
34	(B) At midnight of the birthday of the holder that occurs six
35	(6) years after the date of issuance.
36	SECTION 26. IC 9-24-15-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013,
37	SECTION 53, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. This chapter does not apply to the following:
39	(1) A suspension of driving privileges upon the failure of an
40	individual to file security or proof of financial responsibility
41	following an accident as required by or upon the failure of any
12	individual to satisfy a judgment for damages arising out of the use



1 2	of a motor vehicle on a public highway as provided for in IC 9-25.
3	However, if an individual is not otherwise ineligible, a court may grant a petition for restricted driving privileges from an individual
4	who:
5	(A) received a request for evidence of financial responsibility
6	after:
7	(i) an accident under IC 9-25-5-2; or
8	(ii) a conviction of a motor vehicle violation under
9	IC 9-25-9-1; and
10	(B) failed to provide proof of financial responsibility under
11	IC 9-25-6;
12	only if the individual shows by a preponderance of the evidence
13	that the failure to maintain financial responsibility was
14	inadvertent.
15	(2) When suspension of driving privileges is by reason of:
16	(A) physical, mental, or emotional instability;
17	(B) having caused serious bodily injury to or the death of
18	another person when operating a motor vehicle after
19	knowingly or intentionally failing to take prescribed
20 21	medication, the taking of which was a condition of the
22	issuance of the operator's restricted driver's license; or (C) the applicant has been convicted of involuntary
23	manslaughter or reckless homicide as a result of an automobile
24	accident.
25	(3) A suspension of the driving privileges of an applicant whose
26	license has been previously suspended more than one (1) time.
27	(4) A suspension of the driving privileges of an applicant who has
28	failed to use timely appeal procedures provided by the bureau.
29	(5) After June 30, 2005, a suspension of the driving privileges of
30	an applicant whose commercial driver's license has been
31	disqualified under 49 CFR 383.51 or other applicable federal or
32	state law, including an alcohol or a controlled substance
33	conviction under IC 9-30-5-4 or 49 CFR 391.15.
34	(6) A person who is a habitual violator of traffic laws under
35	IC 9-30-10.
36	(7) A suspension of a driving authority permit for any reason.
37	SECTION 27. IC 9-24-18-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013,
38	SECTION 62, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) A person, except a person exempted under
40	IC 9-24-1-7, who knowingly or intentionally operates a motor vehicle
41	upon a highway and has never received a valid driving license or
42	permit commits a Class C misdemeanor. However, the offense is a



1	Class A misdemeanor if the person has a prior unrelated conviction
2	under this section.
3	(b) In addition to any other penalty imposed for a conviction under
4	this section, the court shall recommend that the person be prohibited
5	from receiving a valid driving license or permit for a fixed period of
6	at least ninety (90) days and not more than two (2) years.
7	(c) The court shall specify:
8	(1) the length of the fixed period of the prohibition; and
9	(2) the date the fixed period of the prohibition begins;
10	whenever the court makes a recommendation under subsection (b).
11	(d) The bureau shall, upon receiving a record of conviction of a
12	person upon a charge of operating a motor vehicle while never having
13	received a valid driving license or permit , prohibit the person from
14	receiving a driving license or permit by placing a suspension of
15	driving privileges on the person's record for a fixed period of at least
16	ninety (90) days and not more than two (2) years. The bureau shall fix
17	this period in accordance with the recommendation of the court that
18	entered the conviction, as provided in subsection (c). If the court fails
19	to recommend a fixed term of suspension, or recommends a fixed term
20	that is less than the minimum term required by statute, the bureau shall
21	impose the minimum period of suspension required under this chapter.
22	(e) In a prosecution under this section, the burden is on the
23	defendant to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the
24	defendant had been issued a driver's license or permit that was valid at
25	the time of the alleged offense.
26	SECTION 28. IC 9-26-1-1.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012,
27	SECTION 293, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
28	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1.5. (a) If:
29	(1) the driver of a motor vehicle is physically incapable of
30	determining the need for or rendering assistance to any injured or
31	entrapped person as required under section 1(2)(C) of this
32	chapter;
33	(2) there is another occupant in the motor vehicle at the time of
34	the accident who is:
35	(A) at least:
36	(i) fifteen (15) years of age and holds a learner's permit
37	issued under IC 9-24-7-1, or a driving authority learner's
38	permit under IC 9-24-7-1, a driver's license issued under
39	IC 9-24-11, or a driving authority permit under
40	IC 9-24-3.5; or
41	(ii) eighteen (18) years of age; and
42	(B) capable of determining the need for and rendering



reasonable assistance to injured or entrapped persons as provided in section 1(2)(C) of this chapter; and (3) the other occupant in the motor vehicle knows that the driver of the motor vehicle is physically incapable of determining the need for or rendering assistance to any injured or entrapped person; the motor vehicle occupant referred to in subdivisions (2) and (3) shall immediately determine the need for and render reasonable assistance to each person injured or entrapped in the accident as provided in section 1(2)(C) of this chapter. (b) If: (1) the driver of a motor vehicle is physically incapable of giving immediate notice of an accident as required under section 1(3) of this chapter; (2) there is another occupant in the motor vehicle at the time of the accident who is: (A) at least: (i) fifteen (15) years of age and holds a learner's permit issued under IC 9-24-7-1, or a driving authority learner's permit under IC 9-24-7-1, a driver's license issued under IC 9-24-3.5; or (ii) eighteen (18) years of age; and (B) capable of giving notice as provided in section 1(3) of this chapter; and (3) the other occupant in the motor vehicle knows that the driver of the motor vehicle occupant referred to in subdivisions (2) and (3) shall immediately give notice of the accident by the quickest means of communication as provided in section 1(3) of this chapter; and (c) If there is more than one (1) motor vehicle occupant to whom subsection (a) applies, it is a defense to a prosecution of one (1) motor vehicle occupant under subsection (b) applies, it is a defense to a prosecution of one (1) motor vehicle occupant under subsection (b) applies, it is a defense to a prosecution of one (1) motor vehicle occupant under subsection (b) that the defendant reasonably believed that another occupant of the motor vehicle occupant to whom subsection (b) applies, it is a defense to a prosecution of one (1) motor vehicle occupant under subsection (b) that the defendant reasonably believed that another occupant of the motor vehicle		
(3) the other occupant in the motor vehicle knows that the driver of the motor vehicle is physically incapable of determining the need for or rendering assistance to any injured or entrapped person; the motor vehicle occupant referred to in subdivisions (2) and (3) shall immediately determine the need for and render reasonable assistance to each person injured or entrapped in the accident as provided in section 1(2)(C) of this chapter. (b) If: (1) the driver of a motor vehicle is physically incapable of giving immediate notice of an accident as required under section 1(3) of this chapter; (2) there is another occupant in the motor vehicle at the time of the accident who is: (A) at least: (i) fifteen (15) years of age and holds a learner's permit issued under IC 9-24-7-1, or a driving authority learner's permit under IC 9-24-1, or a driving authority permit under IC 9-24-3.5; or (ii) eighteen (18) years of age; and (B) capable of giving notice as provided in section 1(3) of this chapter; and (3) the other occupant in the motor vehicle knows that the driver of the motor vehicle is physically incapable of giving immediate notice of an accident; the motor vehicle occupant referred to in subdivisions (2) and (3) shall immediately give notice of the accident by the quickest means of communication as provided in section 1(3) of this chapter. (c) If there is more than one (1) motor vehicle occupant to whom subsection (a) applies, it is a defense to a prosecution of one (1) motor vehicle occupant under subsection (a). (d) If there is more than one (1) motor vehicle occupant to whom subsection (b) applies, it is a defense to a prosecution of one (1) motor vehicle occupant under subsection (b) that the defendant reasonably believed that another occupant one (1) motor vehicle occupant to whom subsection (b) applies, it is a defense to a prosecution of one (1) motor vehicle occupant under subsection (b) that the defendant reasonably vehicle occupant under subsection (b) that the defendant reasonably		
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to each person injured or entrapped in the accident as provided in section 1(2)(C) of this chapter. (b) If: (1) the driver of a motor vehicle is physically incapable of giving immediate notice of an accident as required under section 1(3) of this chapter; (2) there is another occupant in the motor vehicle at the time of the accident who is: (A) at least: (i) fifteen (15) years of age and holds a learner's permit issued under IC 9-24-7-1, or a driving authority learner's permit under IC 9-24-7-1, a driver's license issued under IC 9-24-3.5; or (ii) eighteen (18) years of age; and (B) capable of giving notice as provided in section 1(3) of this chapter; and (3) the other occupant in the motor vehicle knows that the driver of the motor vehicle is physically incapable of giving immediate notice of an accident; the motor vehicle occupant referred to in subdivisions (2) and (3) shall immediately give notice of the accident by the quickest means of communication as provided in section 1(3) of this chapter. (c) If there is more than one (1) motor vehicle occupant to whom subsection (a) applies, it is a defense to a prosecution of one (1) motor vehicle occupant under subsection (a) that the defendant reasonably believed that another occupant of the motor vehicle determined the need for and rendered reasonable assistance as required under subsection (b) applies, it is a defense to a prosecution of one (1) motor vehicle occupant under subsection (b) that the defendant reasonably subsection (b) applies, it is a defense to a prosecution of one (1) motor vehicle occupant under subsection (b) that the defendant reasonably obsection (b) applies, it is a defense to a prosecution of one (1) motor vehicle occupant under subsection (b) that the defendant reasonably obsection (b) applies, it is a defense to a prosecution of one (1) motor vehicle occupant under subsection (b) that the defendant reasonably of the motor vehicle occupant under subsection (b) that the defendant reasonably occupant under subsection (b) that the	7	the motor vehicle occupant referred to in subdivisions (2) and (3) shall
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required under subsection (b).

1	SECTION 29. IC 9-26-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012,
2	SECTION 294, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. The driver of a motor vehicle
4	involved in an accident that does not result in injury or death of a
5	person or the entrapment of a person in a motor vehicle and that does
6	not involve the transportation of hazardous materials but that does
7	result in damage to a vehicle that is driven or attended by a person shall
8	do the following:
9	(1) Immediately stop the motor vehicle at the scene of the
10	accident or as close to the accident as possible in a manner that
11	does not obstruct traffic more than is necessary. If the accident
12	occurs on a federal interstate highway, or on a ramp providing
13	access to or from a federal interstate highway, the driver shall, as
14	soon as safely possible, move the motor vehicle off the highway
15	or ramp to a location as close to the accident as possible in a
16	manner that does not obstruct traffic more than is necessary.
17	(2) Immediately return to and remain at the scene of the accident
18	until the driver does the following upon request:
19	(A) Gives the driver's name and address and the registration
20	number of the motor vehicle the driver was driving.
21	(B) Gives the names and addresses of the owner and any
22	occupants of the motor vehicle the driver was driving, if the
23	names or addresses are different from the name and address
24	provided under clause (A).
25	(C) Provides proof of financial responsibility (as defined in
26	IC 9-25-2-3) for the motor vehicle.
27	(D) Exhibits the driver's license or permit of the driver to the
28	driver or occupant of or person attending each vehicle
29	involved in the accident.
30	SECTION 30. IC 9-26-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012,
31	SECTION 297, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
32	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 4. (a) The driver of a motor vehicle
33	that causes damage to the property of another person, other than
34	damage to a vehicle, shall do the following:
35	(1) Immediately stop the motor vehicle at the scene of the
36	accident or as close to the accident as possible in a manner that
37	does not obstruct traffic more than is necessary.
38	(2) Immediately return to and remain at the scene of the accident
39	until the driver does the following:
40	(A) Takes reasonable steps to locate and notify the owner or
41	person in charge of the property of the damage.
42	(B) Gives the person the driver's name and address and the



```
1
                  registration number of the motor vehicle.
 2
                  (C) Upon request, exhibits the driver's license or permit of the
 3
                  driver.
 4
             (b) If after reasonable inquiry the driver of the motor vehicle cannot
 5
         find the owner or person in charge of the damaged property, the driver
 6
         of the motor vehicle shall do the following:
 7
               (1) Notify either the sheriff's department of the county in which
 8
               the damaged property is located or a member of the state police
 9
               department.
10
               (2) Give the sheriff's department or state police department the
               information required by this section.
11
12
             SECTION 31. IC 9-29-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.259-2013,
13
         SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14
         JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. (a) Money from the increases in fees levied by
15
         the 1969 regular session of the general assembly in IC 9-18-2,
16
         IC 9-18-5, IC 9-18-6, IC 9-18-7, IC 9-18-9, IC 9-18-10, IC 9-18-16,
17
         IC 9-24-3, IC 9-24-4, IC 9-24-5, IC 9-24-7, IC 9-24-8, IC 9-24-10,
18
         IC 9-24-11, IC 9-24-12, IC 9-24-13, IC 9-24-14, and IC 9-29-9-15
19
         (IC 9-1-4 before its repeal on July 1, 1991) shall be deposited daily
20
         with the treasurer of state and credited to the highway, road, and street
21
         fund established under IC 8-14-2-2.1.
22
             (b) For the purpose of providing adequate and sufficient funds for
23
         the crossroads 2000 fund established under IC 8-14-10-9, and subject
24
         to subsection (c), after June 30, 1997, with the approval of the bureau
25
         of motor vehicles commission the bureau of motor vehicles may adopt
26
         rules under IC 4-22-2 to increase, by an amount that is in addition to
27
         the fees specified by statute, the fees under the following:
28
               IC 9-29-4-3
29
               IC 9-29-5 (excluding fees under IC 9-29-5-44)
30
               IC 9-29-9-1
31
               IC 9-29-9-2
32
               IC 9-29-9-2.3
33
               IC 9-29-9-3
34
               IC 9-29-9-4
35
               IC 9-29-9-5
36
               IC 9-29-9-7
37
               IC 9-29-9-8
38
               IC 9-29-9-9
39
               IC 9-29-9-11
40
               IC 9-29-9-13
41
               IC 9-29-9-14
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IC 9-29-15-1

1	IC 9-29-15-2
2	IC 9-29-15-3
3	IC 9-29-15-4
4	IC 9-29-17-1
5	IC 9-29-17-2
6	IC 9-29-17-3
7	IC 9-29-17-4.

The amount of fees increased under this section shall first be deposited into the crossroads 2000 fund established under IC 8-14-10-9.

- (c) The bureau's authority to adopt rules under subsection (b) is subject to the condition that a fee increase must be uniform throughout all license branches and at all partial service locations in Indiana.
- (d) If a fee imposed by a statute listed in subsection (b) is eliminated, the amount of the fee increase set forth in a rule adopted under this section before July 1, 2007, with respect to the fee must be:
 - (1) collected by the bureau notwithstanding the elimination of the underlying fee;
 - (2) collected in addition to all other fees collected at the time of the underlying transaction; and
 - (3) deposited in the crossroads 2000 fund established under IC 8-14-10-9.

However, this subsection does not apply to a fee imposed under IC 9-29-5-14, IC 9-29-5-14.5, IC 9-29-5-15, or IC 9-29-5-39, which were repealed by legislation enacted in 2013.

SECTION 32. IC 9-29-3-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.156-2006, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 8. (a) Fifty cents (\$0.50) of each service charge collected under this section shall be deposited in the state motor vehicle technology fund established by IC 9-29-16-1.

(b) The service charge for an operator's license **or driving authority permit** is three dollars (\$3).

SECTION 33. IC 9-29-3-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2007, SECTION 86, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 9. (a) Fifty cents (\$0.50) of each service charge collected under this section shall be deposited in the state motor vehicle technology fund established by IC 9-29-16-1.

(b) The service charge for a learner's permit, **driving authority learner's permit**, public passenger chauffeur's license, or chauffeur's license issued to or renewed for an individual who is at least seventy-five (75) years of age is two dollars (\$2). After December 31, 2005, the service charge for a chauffeur's license issued to or renewed for an individual less than seventy-five (75) years of age is three dollars



1	(\$3).
2	SECTION 34. IC 9-29-9-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. The fee for a
4	learner's permit or a driving authority learner's permit issued under
5	IC 9-24-7 is two dollars (\$2).
6	SECTION 35. IC 9-29-9-2.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
7	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
8	1, 2014]: Sec. 2.3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the fee
9	for a driving authority permit issued under IC 9-24-3.5-2 or
10	renewed under IC 9-24-12 to:
11	(1) an individual who is less than seventy-five (75) years of age
12	is nine dollars (\$9); and
13	(2) an individual who is at least seventy-five (75) years of age
14	is six dollars (\$6).
15	(b) The fee for a probationary driving authority permit issued
16	under IC 9-24-11-3.3 is six dollars (\$6).
17	SECTION 36. IC 9-30-3-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013,
18	SECTION 83, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 12. (a) If during any twelve (12) month period a
20	person has committed moving traffic violations for which the person
21	has:
22	(1) been convicted of at least two (2) traffic misdemeanors;
23	(2) had at least two (2) traffic judgments entered against the
24	person; or
25	(3) been convicted of at least one (1) traffic misdemeanor and has
26	had at least one (1) traffic judgment entered against the person;
27	the bureau may require the person to attend and satisfactorily complete
28	a driver safety program approved by the bureau. The person shall pay
29	all applicable fees required by the bureau.
30	(b) This subsection applies to an individual who holds a
31	probationary license or a probationary driving authority permit
32	under IC 9-24-11-3.3 or is less than eighteen (18) years of age. An
33	individual is required to attend and satisfactorily complete a driver
34	safety program approved by the bureau if either of the following occurs
35	at least twice or if both of the following have occurred when the
36	individual was less than eighteen (18) years of age:
37	(1) The individual has been convicted of a moving traffic offense,
38	other than an offense that solely involves motor vehicle
39	equipment.
40	(2) The individual has been the operator of a motor vehicle
41	involved in an accident for which a report is required to be filed

under IC 9-26-2.



1	The individual shall pay all applicable fees required by the bureau.
2	(c) The bureau may suspend the driving privileges of any person
3	who:
4	(1) fails to attend a driver safety program; or
5	(2) fails to satisfactorily complete a driver safety program;
6	as required by this section.
7	(d) Notwithstanding IC 33-37-4-2, any court may suspend one-half
8	(1/2) of each applicable court cost (including fees) for which a person
9	is liable due to a traffic violation if the person enrolls in and completes
10	a driver safety program or a similar school conducted by an agency of
11	the state or local government.
12	SECTION 37. IC 20-33-2-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.242-2005,
13	SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 11. (a) Notwithstanding IC 9-24 concerning the
15	minimum requirements for qualifying for the issuance of an operator's
16	license, a driving authority permit, a driving authority learner's
17	permit , or a learner's permit, and subject to subsections (c) through (e),
18	an individual who is:
19	(1) at least thirteen (13) years of age but less than fifteen (15)
20	years of age;
21	(2) a habitual truant under the definition of habitual truant
22	established under subsection (b); and
	(3) identified in the information submitted to the bureau of motor
23 24	vehicles under subsection (f);
25	may not be issued an operator's license, a driving authority permit,
26	a driving authority learner's permit, or a learner's permit to drive a
27	motor vehicle under IC 9-24 until the individual is at least eighteen
28	(18) years of age.
29	(b) Each governing body shall establish and include as part of the
30	written copy of its discipline rules described in IC 20-33-8-12:
31	(1) a definition of a child who is designated as a habitual truant,
32	which must, at a minimum, define the term as a student who is
33	chronically absent, by having unexcused absences from school for
34	more than ten (10) days of school in one (1) school year;
35	(2) the procedures under which subsection (a) will be
36	administered; and
37	(3) all other pertinent matters related to this action.
38	(c) An individual described in subsection (a) is entitled to the
39	procedure described in IC 20-33-8-19.
10	(d) An individual described in subsection (a) who is at least thirteen
1 1	(13) years of age and less than eighteen (18) years of age is entitled to
12	a pariodic ravious of the individual's attendance record in school to



1	determine whether the prohibition described in subsection (a) shal
2	continue. The periodic reviews may not be conducted less than one (1)
3	time each school year.
4	(e) Upon review, the governing body may determine that the
5	individual's attendance record has improved to the degree that the
6	individual may become eligible to be issued an operator's license, a
7	driving authority permit, a driving authority learner's permit, or
8	a learner's permit.
9	(f) Before:
10	(1) February 1; and
11	(2) October 1;
12	of each year the governing body of the school corporation shall submi
13	to the bureau of motor vehicles the pertinent information concerning ar
14	individual's ineligibility under subsection (a) to be issued an operator's
15	license, a driving authority permit, a driving authority learner's
16	permit, or a learner's permit.
17	(g) The department shall develop guidelines concerning criteria
18	used in defining a habitual truant that may be considered by a
19	governing body in complying with subsection (b).
20	SECTION 38. IC 20-33-2-28.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2006
21	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 28.5. (a) This section applies to an individual:
23	(1) who:
24	(A) attends or last attended a public school;
25	(B) is at least sixteen (16) years of age but less than eighteer
26	(18) years of age; and
27	(C) has not completed the requirements for graduation;
28	(2) who:
29	(A) wishes to withdraw from school before graduation;
30	(B) fails to return at the beginning of a semester; or
31	(C) stops attending school during a semester; and
32	(3) who has no record of transfer to another school.
33	(b) An individual to whom this section applies may withdraw from
34	school only if all of the following conditions are met:
35	(1) An exit interview is conducted.
36	(2) The individual's parent consents to the withdrawal.
37	(3) The school principal approves of the withdrawal.
38	(4) The withdrawal is due to:
39	(A) financial hardship and the individual must be employed to
40	support the individual's family or a dependent;
41	(B) illness; or
42	(C) an order by a court that has jurisdiction over the child.



1	During the exit interview, the school principal shall provide to the
2	student and the student's parent a copy of statistics compiled by the
3	department concerning the likely consequences of life without a high
4	school diploma. The school principal shall advise the student and the
5	student's parent that the student's withdrawal from school may prevent
6	the student from receiving or result in the revocation of the student's
7	employment certificate and driver's license, driving authority permit,
8	driving authority learner's permit, or learner's permit.
9	(c) For purposes of this section, the following must be in written
10	form:
11	(1) An individual's request to withdraw from school.
12	(2) A parent's consent to a withdrawal.
13	(3) A principal's consent to a withdrawal.
14	(d) If the individual's principal does not consent to the individual's
15	withdrawal under this section, the individual's parent may appeal the
16	denial of consent to the governing body of the public school that the
17	individual last attended.
18	(e) Each public school, including each school corporation and each
19	charter school (as defined in IC 20-24-1-4), shall provide an annual
20	report to the department setting forth the following information:
21	(1) The total number of individuals:
22	(A) who withdrew from school under this section; and
23	(B) who either:
24	(i) failed to return to school at the beginning of a semester;
25	or
26	(ii) stopped attending school during a semester;
27	and for whom there is no record of transfer to another school.
28	(2) The number of individuals who withdrew from school
29	following an exit interview.
30	(f) If an individual to which this section applies:
31	(1) has not received consent to withdraw from school under this
32	section; and
33	(2) fails to return to school at the beginning of a semester or
34	during the semester;
35	the principal of the school that the individual last attended shall deliver
36	by certified mail or personal delivery to the bureau of child labor a
37	record of the individual's failure to return to school so that the bureau
38	of child labor revokes any employment certificates issued to the
39	individual and does not issue any additional employment certificates
40	to the individual. For purposes of IC 20-33-3-13, the individual shall

(g) At the same time that a school principal delivers the record



41

42

be considered a dropout.

under subsection (f), the principal shall deliver by certified mail or personal delivery to the bureau of motor vehicles a record of the individual's failure to return to school so that the bureau of motor vehicles revokes any driver's license, **driving authority permit**, **driving authority learner's permit**, or learner's permit issued to the individual and does not issue any additional driver's licenses, **driving authority permits**, or learner's permits to the individual before the individual is at least eighteen (18) years of age. For purposes of IC 9-24-2-1, the individual shall be considered a dropout.

(h) If:

- (1) a principal has delivered the record required under subsection
- (f) or (g), or both; and
- (2) the school subsequently gives consent to the individual to withdraw from school under this section;

the principal of the school shall send a notice of withdrawal to the bureau of child labor and the bureau of motor vehicles by certified mail or personal delivery and, for purposes of IC 20-33-3-13 and IC 9-24-2-1, the individual shall no longer be considered a dropout.

SECTION 39. IC 20-33-8-33, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012, SECTION 402, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 33. Before February 1 and before October 1 of each year, except when a hearing has been requested to determine financial hardship under IC 9-24-2-1(a)(4), a principal shall submit to the bureau of motor vehicles the pertinent information concerning an individual's ineligibility under IC 9-24-2-1 to be issued a driver's license, **driving authority permit**, **driving authority learner's permit**, or learner's permit, or concerning the suspension of driving privileges under IC 9-24-2-4.

SECTION 40. IC 31-37-19-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 13. (a) This section applies if a child is a delinquent child under IC 31-37-1 due to the commission of a delinquent act that, if committed by an adult, would be:

- (1) dealing in:
 - (A) a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9); or
 - (B) a counterfeit substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-10);
- (2) possessing:

- (A) a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9); or
- 40 (B) a prescription drug (as defined in IC 35-48-1-25);
- 41 for which the child does not have a prescription; or
 - (3) conspiring to commit an act described in subdivision (1) or



1	(2).
2	(b) The juvenile court shall, in addition to any other order or decree
3	the court makes under this chapter, order the bureau of motor vehicles
4	to invalidate the child's operator's license, driving authority permit ,
5	or permit for a period specified by the court of at least six (6) months
6	but not more than one (1) year from the time the child would otherwise
7	be eligible for a learner's permit or driving authority learner's
8	permit.
9	SECTION 41. IC 31-37-19-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 14. (a) This section
11	applies if:
12	(1) a child has been previously determined to be a delinquent
13	child under IC 31-37-1 (or IC 31-6-4-1(b)(1) before its repeal)
14	due to the commission of a delinquent act described in section
15	13(a)(1), $13(a)(2)$, or $13(a)(3)$ of this chapter (or
16	IC $31-6-4-15.9(d)(1)$, IC $31-6-4-15.9(d)(2)$, or
17	IC 31-6-4-15.9(d)(3) before its repeal); or
18	(2) the delinquent act described in section 13(a)(1), 13(a)(2), or
19	13(a)(3) of this chapter (or IC 31-6-4-15.9(d)(1),
20	IC 31-6-4-15.9(d)(2), or IC 31-6-4-15.9(d)(3) before its repeal)
21	was committed:
22	(A) on school property;
23	(B) within one thousand (1,000) feet of school property; or
24	(C) on a school bus.
25	(b) The juvenile court shall, in addition to any other order or decree
26	the court makes under this chapter, order the bureau of motor vehicles
27	to invalidate the child's operator's license or driving authority permit
28	for a period specified by the court of at least six (6) months but not
29	more than two (2) years from the time the child would otherwise be
30	eligible for a learner's permit or driving authority learner's permit.
31	SECTION 42. IC 31-37-19-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 15. (a) This section
33	applies if a child is a delinquent child under IC 31-37-1 due to the
34	commission of a delinquent act that, if committed by an adult, would
35	be:
36	(1) dealing in:
37	(A) a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9); or
38	(B) a counterfeit substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-10);
39	(2) possessing:
10	(A) a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9); or
1 1	(B) a prescription drug (as defined in IC 35-48-1-25);
12	for which the child does not have a prescription; or



1	(2) consision to commit on not described in subdivision (1) on
1 2	(3) conspiring to commit an act described in subdivision (1) or (2).
3	(b) The juvenile court shall, in addition to any other order or decree
4	the court makes under this chapter, order the bureau of motor vehicles
5	not to issue the child a learner's permit or driving authority learner's
6	permit for a period specified by the court of at least six (6) months but
7	not more than one (1) year from the time the child would otherwise be
8	eligible for a learner's permit or driving authority learner's permit.
9	SECTION 43. IC 31-37-19-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 16. (a) This section
11	applies if:
12	(1) a child has been previously determined to be a delinquent
13	child under IC 31-37-1 (or IC 31-6-4-1(b)(1) before its repeal)
14	due to the commission of a delinquent act described in section
15	15(a)(1), $15(a)(2)$, or $15(a)(3)$ of this chapter (or
16	IC = 31-6-4-15.9(e)(1), $IC = 31-6-4-15.9(e)(2)$, or
17	IC 31-6-4-15.9(e)(3) before its repeal); or
18	(2) the delinquent act described in section 15(a)(1), 15(a)(2), or
19	15(a)(3) of this chapter (or IC 31-6-4-15.9(e)(1),
20	IC 31-6-4-15.9(e)(2), or IC 31-6-4-15.9(e)(3) before its repeal)
21	was committed:
22	(A) on school property;
23	(B) within one thousand (1,000) feet of school property; or
24	(C) on a school bus.
25	(b) The juvenile court shall, in addition to any other order or decree
26	the court makes under this chapter, order the bureau of motor vehicles
27	not to issue the child a learner's permit or driving authority learner's
28	permit for a period specified by the court of at least six (6) months but
29	not more than two (2) years from the time the child would otherwise be
30	eligible for a learner's permit or driving authority learner's permit.
31	SECTION 44. IC 31-37-19-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 17. (a) This section
33	applies if a child is a delinquent child under IC 31-37-1 due to the
34	commission of a delinquent act that, if committed by an adult, would
35	be criminal mischief or institutional criminal mischief under
36	IC 35-43-1-2 that involves the use of graffiti.
37	(b) The juvenile court may, in addition to any other order or decree
38	the court makes under this chapter, order the bureau of motor vehicles
39	to:
40	(1) suspend the child's operator's license or driving authority
41	permit; or
42	(2) invalidate the child's learner's permit or driving authority



1	learner's permit;
2	for one (1) year beginning the date of the order.
3	SECTION 45. IC 31-37-19-20 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 20. (a) This section
5	applies if the juvenile court has entered an order for suspension or
6	invalidation of an operator's license, driving authority permit, or a
7	learner's permit, or driving authority learner's permit under section
8	17 of this chapter (or IC 31-6-4-15.9(f) before its repeal).
9	(b) Following a determination by the juvenile court that the child
0	has removed or painted over the graffiti or has made other suitable
1	restitution, the court may:
2	(1) rescind the order for suspension or invalidation; and
3	(2) allow the child to receive a license or permit before the period
4	of suspension or invalidation ends.
5	SECTION 46. IC 33-39-1-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,
6	SECTION 342, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 8. (a) After June 30, 2005, this
8	section does not apply to a person who:
9	(1) holds a commercial driver's license; and
20	(2) has been charged with an offense involving the operation of
21	a motor vehicle in accordance with the federal Motor Carrier
22	Safety Improvement Act of 1999 (MCSIA) (Public Law
23 24	106-159.113 Stat. 1748).
24	(b) This section does not apply to a person arrested for or charged
2.5	with:
26	(1) an offense under IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5; or
27	(2) if a person was arrested or charged with an offense under
28	IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5, an offense involving:
.9	(A) intoxication; or
0	(B) the operation of a vehicle;
1	if the offense involving intoxication or the operation of a vehicle was
2	part of the same episode of criminal conduct as the offense under
3	IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5.
4	(c) This section does not apply to a person:
5	(1) who is arrested for or charged with an offense under:
6	(A) IC 7.1-5-7-7(a), if the alleged offense occurred while the
7	person was operating a motor vehicle;
8	(B) IC 9-30-4-8(a), if the alleged offense occurred while the
9	person was operating a motor vehicle;
0	(C) IC 35-42-2-2(c)(1);
1.2	(D) IC 35-44.1-2-13(b)(1); or (E) IC 35-43-1-2(a) if the alleged offense occurred while the
. /	(E.) IU. 33-43-1-7(8) If the alleged offense occurred while the



1	person was operating a motor vehicle; and
2	(2) who held a probationary license or a probationary driving
3	authority permit (as defined in IC 9-24-11-3.3(b)) and was less
4	than eighteen (18) years of age at the time of the alleged offense.
5	(d) A prosecuting attorney may withhold prosecution against an
6	accused person if:
7	(1) the person is charged with a misdemeanor;
8	(2) the person agrees to conditions of a pretrial diversion program
9	offered by the prosecuting attorney;
10	(3) the terms of the agreement are recorded in an instrument
11	signed by the person and the prosecuting attorney and filed in the
12	court in which the charge is pending; and
13	(4) the prosecuting attorney electronically transmits information
14	required by the prosecuting attorneys council concerning the
15	withheld prosecution to the prosecuting attorneys council, in a
16	manner and format designated by the prosecuting attorneys
17	council.
18	(e) An agreement under subsection (d) may include conditions that
19	the person:
20	(1) pay to the clerk of the court an initial user's fee and monthly
21	user's fees in the amounts specified in IC 33-37-4-1;
22	(2) work faithfully at a suitable employment or faithfully pursue
23	a course of study or career and technical education that will equip
24	the person for suitable employment;
25	(3) undergo available medical treatment or counseling and remain
26	in a specified facility required for that purpose;
27	(4) support the person's dependents and meet other family
28	responsibilities;
29	(5) make restitution or reparation to the victim of the crime for the
30	damage or injury that was sustained;
31	(6) refrain from harassing, intimidating, threatening, or having
32	any direct or indirect contact with the victim or a witness;
33	(7) report to the prosecuting attorney at reasonable times;
34	(8) answer all reasonable inquiries by the prosecuting attorney
35	and promptly notify the prosecuting attorney of any change in
36	address or employment; and
37	(9) participate in dispute resolution either under IC 34-57-3 or a
38	program established by the prosecuting attorney.
39	(f) An agreement under subsection (d)(2) may include other
40	provisions reasonably related to the defendant's rehabilitation, if
41	approved by the court.
42	(g) The prosecuting attorney shall notify the victim when



1	prosecution is withheld under this section.
2	(h) All money collected by the clerk as user's fees under this section
3	shall be deposited in the appropriate user fee fund under IC 33-37-8.
4	(i) If a court withholds prosecution under this section and the terms
5	of the agreement contain conditions described in subsection (e)(6):
6	(1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and
7	(2) the prosecuting attorney shall file a confidential form
8	prescribed or approved by the division of state court
9	administration with the clerk.
0	SECTION 47. IC 34-28-5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012
1	SECTION 412, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) As used in this section,
3	"probationary license" refers to a license or probationary driving
4	authority permit described in IC 9-24-11-3.3(b).
5	(b) An action to enforce a statute defining an infraction shall be
6	brought in the name of the state of Indiana by the prosecuting attorney
7	for the judicial circuit in which the infraction allegedly took place.
8	However, if the infraction allegedly took place on a public highway (as
9	defined in IC 9-25-2-4) that runs on and along a common boundary
0.	shared by two (2) or more judicial circuits, a prosecuting attorney for
21	any judicial circuit sharing the common boundary may bring the action
22	(c) An action to enforce an ordinance shall be brought in the name
23	of the municipal corporation. The municipal corporation need not
22 23 24 25	prove that it or the ordinance is valid unless validity is controverted by
2.5	affidavit.
26	(d) Actions under this chapter (or IC 34-4-32 before its repeal):
27	(1) shall be conducted in accordance with the Indiana Rules of
28	Trial Procedure; and
.9	(2) must be brought within two (2) years after the alleged conduct
0	or violation occurred.
1	(e) The plaintiff in an action under this chapter must prove the
2	commission of an infraction or ordinance violation by a preponderance
3	of the evidence.
4	(f) The complaint and summons described in IC 9-30-3-6 may be
5	used for any infraction or ordinance violation.
6	(g) Subsection (h) does not apply to an individual holding a
7	probationary license who is alleged to have committed an infraction
8	under any of the following when the individual was less than eighteen
9	(18) years of age at the time of the alleged offense:
0	IC 9-19
-1	IC 9-21
2	IC 0.24



1	IC 9-25
2	IC 9-26
3	IC 9-30-5
4	IC 9-30-10
5	IC 9-30-15.
6	(h) This subsection does not apply to an offense or violation under
7	IC 9-24-6 involving the operation of a commercial motor vehicle. The
8	prosecuting attorney or the attorney for a municipal corporation may
9	establish a deferral program for deferring actions brought under this
10	section. Actions may be deferred under this section if:
11	(1) the defendant in the action agrees to conditions of a deferral
12	program offered by the prosecuting attorney or the attorney for a
13	municipal corporation;
14	(2) the defendant in the action agrees to pay to the clerk of the
15	court an initial user's fee and monthly user's fee set by the
16	prosecuting attorney or the attorney for the municipal corporation
17	in accordance with IC 33-37-4-2(e);
18	(3) the terms of the agreement are recorded in an instrument
19	signed by the defendant and the prosecuting attorney or the
20	attorney for the municipal corporation;
21	(4) the defendant in the action agrees to pay a fee of seventy
22	dollars (\$70) to the clerk of court if the action involves a moving
23	traffic offense (as defined in IC 9-13-2-110);
24	(5) the agreement is filed in the court in which the action is
25	brought; and
26	(6) if the deferral program is offered by the prosecuting attorney,
27	the prosecuting attorney electronically transmits information
28	required by the prosecuting attorneys council concerning the
29	withheld prosecution to the prosecuting attorneys council, in a
30	manner and format designated by the prosecuting attorneys
31	council.
32	When a defendant complies with the terms of an agreement filed under
33	this subsection (or IC 34-4-32-1(f) before its repeal), the prosecuting
34	attorney or the attorney for the municipal corporation shall request the
35	court to dismiss the action. Upon receipt of a request to dismiss an
36	action under this subsection, the court shall dismiss the action. An
37	action dismissed under this subsection (or IC 34-4-32-1(f) before its



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repeal) may not be refiled.

(i) If a judgment is entered against a defendant in an action to

enforce an ordinance, the defendant may perform community

restitution or service (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-50) instead of paying

a monetary judgment for the ordinance violation as described in section

1	4(e) of this chapter if:
2	(1) the:
3	(A) defendant; and
4	(B) attorney for the municipal corporation;
5	agree to the defendant's performance of community restitution or
6	service instead of the payment of a monetary judgment;
7	(2) the terms of the agreement described in subdivision (1):
8	(A) include the amount of the judgment the municipal
9	corporation requests that the defendant pay under section 4(e)
10	of this chapter for the ordinance violation if the defendant fails
11	to perform the community restitution or service provided for
12	in the agreement as approved by the court; and
13	(B) are recorded in a written instrument signed by the
14	defendant and the attorney for the municipal corporation;
15	(3) the agreement is filed in the court where the judgment was
16	entered; and
17	(4) the court approves the agreement.
18	If a defendant fails to comply with an agreement approved by a court
19	under this subsection, the court shall require the defendant to pay up to
20	the amount of the judgment requested in the action under section 4(e)
21	of this chapter as if the defendant had not entered into an agreement
22	under this subsection.
23	SECTION 48. IC 35-48-4-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012,
24	SECTION 415, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
25	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 15. (a) If a person is convicted of
26	an offense under section 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, or 11 of this chapter, or
27	conspiracy to commit an offense under section 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, or
28	11 of this chapter, and the court finds that a motor vehicle was used in
29	the commission of the offense, the court shall, in addition to any other
30	order the court enters, order that the person's:
31	(1) driver's license or driving authority permit be suspended;
32	(2) existing motor vehicle registrations be suspended; and
33	(3) ability to register motor vehicles be suspended;
34	by the bureau of motor vehicles for a period specified by the court of
35	at least six (6) months but not more than two (2) years.
36	(b) If a person is convicted of an offense described in subsection (a)
37	and the person does not hold a driver's license, or a driving authority
38	permit, learner's permit, or driving authority learner's permit, the
39	court shall order that the person may not receive a driver's license, or
40	a driving authority permit, learner's permit, or driving authority
41	learner's permit from the bureau of motor vehicles for a period of not



less than six (6) months.